Application No. 10/536,533 Paper Dated: August 24, 2009

In Reply to USPTO Correspondence of May 22, 2009

Attorney Docket No. 4544-051675

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

Claims 1-22 (Cancelled)

- Claim 23 (Currently Amended): A process for preparing an agglutination reagent for detecting typhoid comprising:
 - (a) preparing a polyclonal-monospecific antibody specific to Salmonella typhi;
 - (b) preparing a latex particle suspension; and
- (c) coating a latex particle with said polyclonal-monospecific antibody specific to Salmonella typhi;

wherein said polyclonal-monospecific antibody specific to *Salmonella* typhi is prepared according to a method comprising:

- (i) raising a hyper immune sera against a purified protein encoded by a Flagellin gene specific to *Salmonella* typhi, and
- (ii) separating said polyclonal-monospecific antibody fraction—from said hyper immune sera;

wherein said latex particle suspension is prepared according to a method comprising:

- (i) mixing 1% carboxylated latex particles of size—and a 40 mM 2-N morpholinoethane sulphonic acid (MES) buffer of pH 5.5 to 6.0 in a ratio of 1:1, washing with a 20 mM MES buffer of pH 5.5 thereby forming a washed latex particle, and
- (ii) adding a 1-ethyl-3 (3-dimethyl-amino propyl) carbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC) in a 20 mM MES buffer of pH 5.5 to said washed latex particle in a ratio of 1:1, washing with a 20 mM MES buffer (pH 5.5); and

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wherein said latex particle is coated according to a method comprising:

- (i) reacting said polyclonal-monospecific antibody fraction with said washed latex particle thereby forming a solution comprising a polyclonal-monospecific antibody coated latex particle,
- (ii) stopping the reacting step (i) by adding 1M glycine (pH 11.0), and
- (iii) washing said <u>polyclonal-monospecific</u> antibody coated latex particle polyclonal-monospecific with a washing buffer comprised of 50 mM glycine, pH 8.5; 0.03% surfactant and 0.05% sodium azide.
- Claim 24 (Previously Presented): An agglutination reagent for rapid and early detection of typhoid, comprising a carboxylated latex particle coated with an antibody specific to *Salmonella* typhi, suspended in storage buffer.
- Claim 25 (Previously Presented): The agglutination reagent as claimed in claim 24, wherein the size of the said latex particles is 0.88 to 0.90 μm .
- Claim 26 (Previously Presented): The agglutination reagent as claimed in claim 24, wherein the said storage buffer is comprised of 50 mM glycine pH 8.5, 1.0% bovine serum albumin, 0.03% surfactant, 0.1% sodium azide and 0.01% thimerosal.
- Claim 27 (Previously Presented): The agglutination reagent for rapid and early detection of typhoid as claimed in claim 24, wherein said antibody is an immunoglobulin fraction of a hyper immune sera raised against a protein encoded by a Flagellin gene specific to *Salmonella* typhi, and wherein said storage buffer is a 50 mM phosphate buffer.
- Claim 28 (Withdrawn): A kit for rapid and early detection of typhoid comprising 1% agglutination reagent as claimed in claim 24 suspended in storage buffer, glass slides, droppers, wooden sticks and positive and negative controls.